Rationalization of Minimum Capitalization Requirements

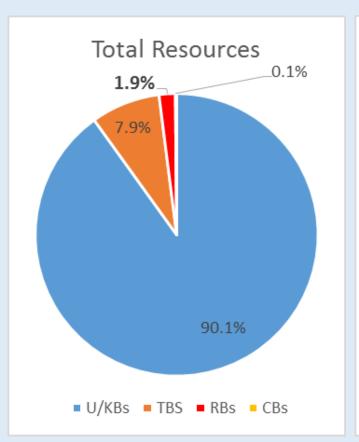
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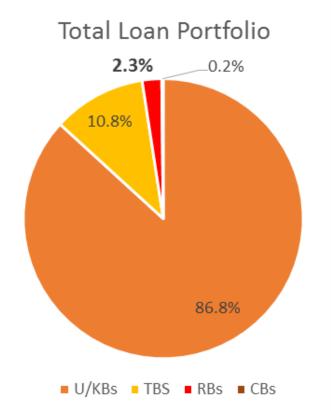


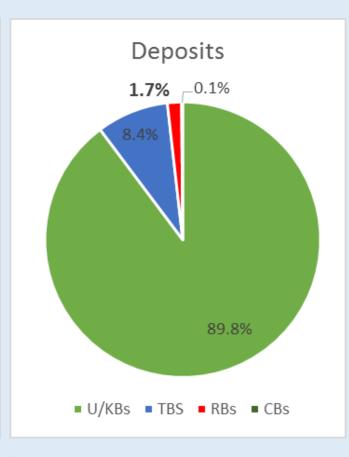
Outline of the Presentation

- The Philippine Banking Landscape and Rural Banks
- Rationale for the New Minimum Capital Requirements
- New Minimum Capital Requirements of RBs
- Challenges to the Rural Banking Industry

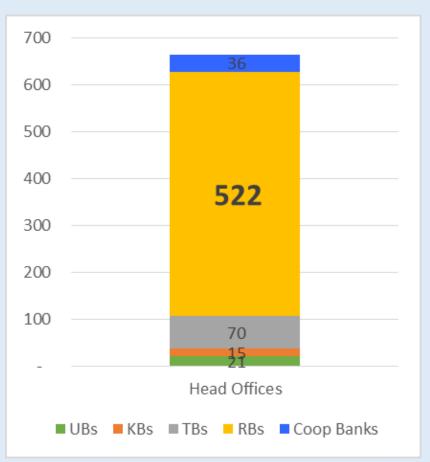
Selected Financial Indicators as of June 2014

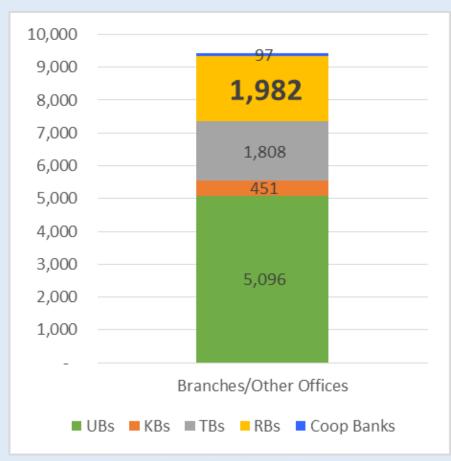




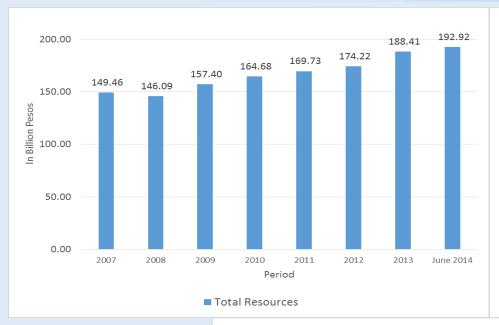


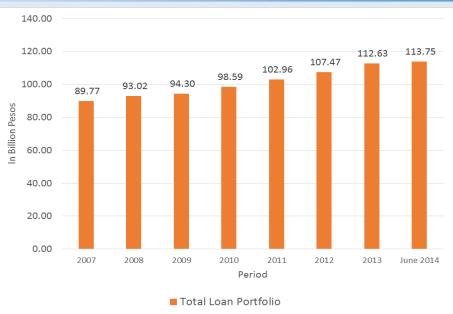
Physical Composition as of June 2014

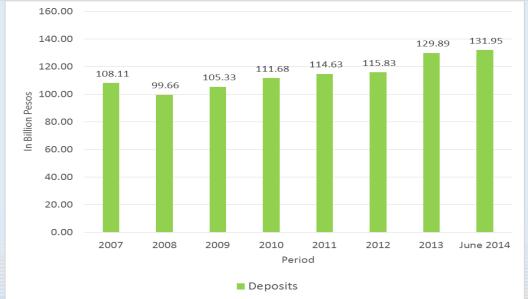


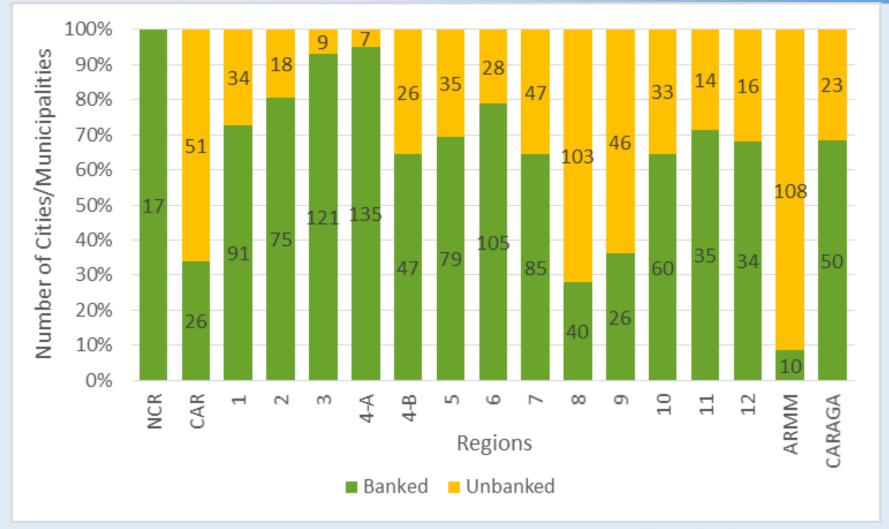






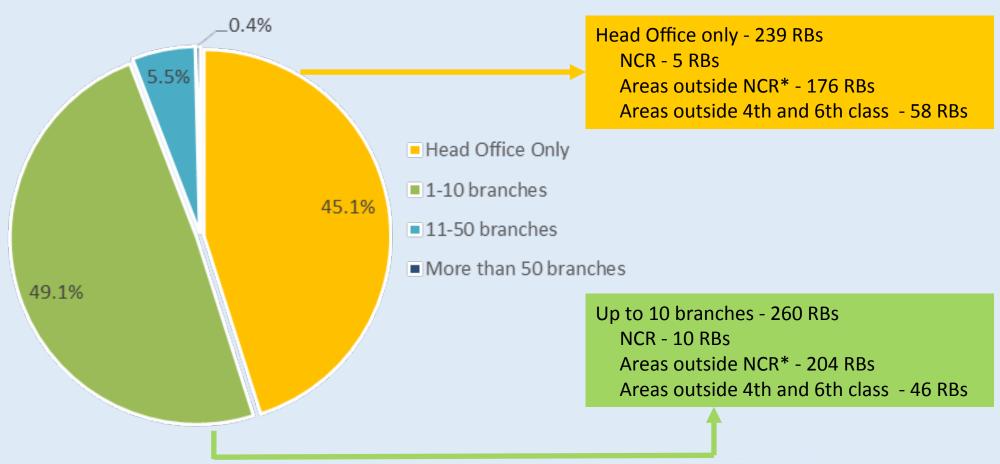








Number of Branches of Rural Banks



BANGKO SENTRAL NG PILIPINAS

^{*} Cebu and Davao Cities, Other Cities (1st to 4th class) and Municipalities (1st to 3rd class)

Banking markets have become much more complex



To cater diverse and sophisticated clients

To further evolve with the upcoming regional economic and financial integration



Business of banking - increasingly relied on IT to generate and deliver newer services to the general public

Use of IT - the norm rather than the exception

Banks should provide electronic channels as basic services to capture or even maintain their market share

Require significant investments supported through strong capitalization





New arena of competition under the ASEAN integration - impetus for RBs to "scale up"



Goal of regional economic integration

– ASEAN Economic Community

Philippine banking system - comparatively modest in terms of total assets

Regional retail market - more likely to be highlighted thus foreign investors will look at the Philippine consumer finance market as competitive ground



Key Characteristics of the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC)

- A single market and production base
- A highly competitive economic region

- Free flow of goods
- Free flow of services
- Free flow of investments
- Free flow of capital
- Free flow of skilled labor
- A region of equitable economic development
- A region fully integrated into the global economy



New Minimum Capital Requirements of RBs

Current Minimum Capitalization		New Minimum Capitalization	
	In Million Pesos		In Million Pesos
Head Office in:		Head Office in the National Capital Region (NCR)	
Metro Manila	100	Head Office only	50
		Up to 10 branches	75
		11 to 50 branches	100
		More than 50 branches	200
Cebu and Davao Cities	50	Head Office in All Other Areas Outside NCR (All Cities up to 3rd class municipalities)	
Other Cities	25	Head Office only	20
1 st to 4 th class municipalities	10	Up to 10 branches	30
5 th to 6 th class municipalities	5	11 to 50 branches	40
		More than 50 branches	80
		Head Office in All Other Areas Outside NCR (4 th class to 6 th class municipalities)	
		Head Office only	10
		Up to 10 branches	15
		11 to 50 branches	20
		More than 50 branches	40

Challenges to the Rural Banking Industry

Meeting the evolving needs of local communities

Rural banking potentially highly profitable due to large unmet demands



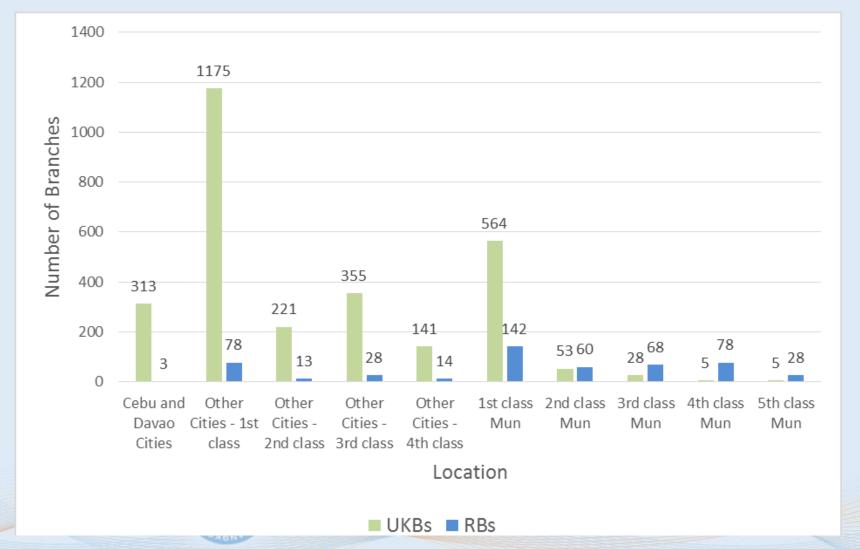
Meeting the higher minimum capital requirements



- Strategic positioning of RBs
- New industry structure will evolve to meet policy and financial needs of the industry participants
 - Regional champions will grow organically
 - Internal growths has unintended consequences to dividend declarations
 - Consolidation and mergers may become prevalent



Meeting the higher minimum capital requirements



Investing in facilities and skills to provide better services

IT drives efficiency and customer convenience

New credit and payments products will require investments in skills

These changes will change RB's scale economics, favoring larger banks





Need for more efficient and effective corporate governance in the light of the increase in capital



Management systems to manage much broader and more complex institutions

End of Presentation

